PASTORALIST CONFLICTS AND CIVIL PEACE BUILDING IN SOUTH ETHIOPIA AND BORDERING AREAS

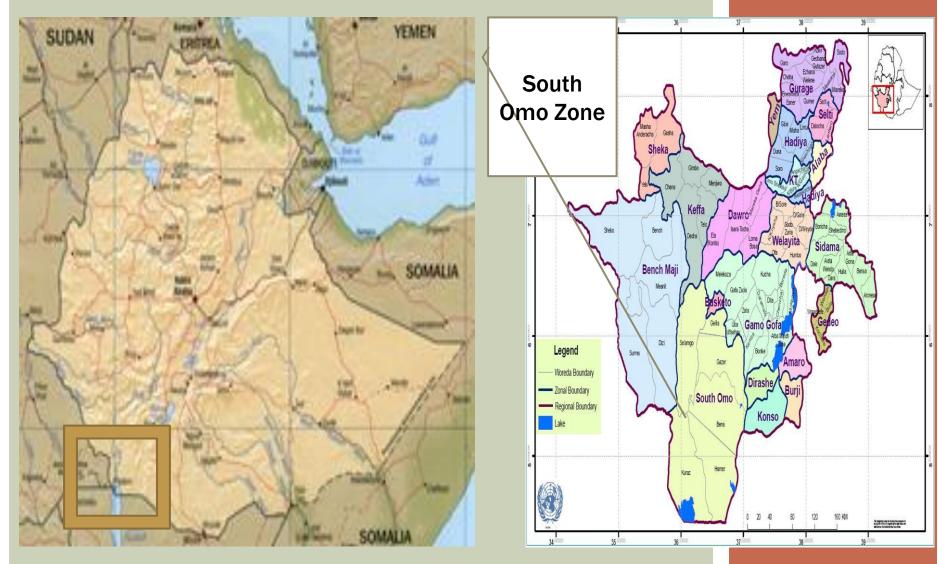
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09 November 2011
Afrikahaus, Berlin

ETHIOPIA

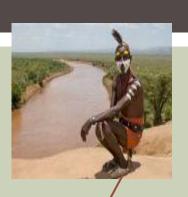
SNNPR



SOUTH OMO ZONE TRIBES









Mursi

Arbore



Dassanech

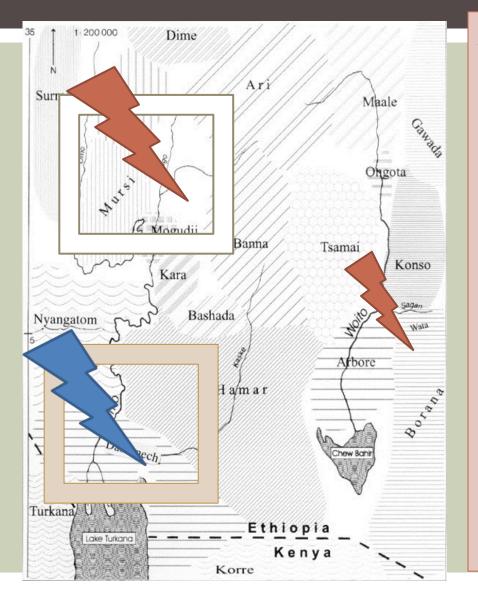
Hamer

Kara

Nyangatom



BACKGROUND INFORMATION:



South Omo Zone:

- Is one of the 15 zones in SNNPR
- Has 23,535 Sq.Kms
- Is located 781km from Addis Ababa
- Has 8 woredas: Dassanech, Nyangatom, Salamago, Male, Bennatsemay, North Ari, South Ari, and Hamer.
- It comprises 16 different tribes.
- Has a total population of 557,673 people

The inhabitants of the Zone are largely pastoralists.

- They predominately rely on breeding and selling livestock and livestock products.
- ■50% of their income is from livestock.







WHAT IS AEPDA:

AEPDA Sands for:

- Atowoykisi-Ekisil Pastoral Development Association.
- Is a community based organization established in 2007
- By a group of Nyangatom elders and their educated youngsters.
- Its the first legally registered association of pastoralists in South Omo Zone.



AEPDAs areas of Intervention:

- Conflict transformation and peace building
- Introduction of small scale irrigation schemes
- Capacity building



CONFLICT TRANSFORMATION AND PEACE BUILDING

Internal conflict intervention

Among the tribes in the zone

Cross boarder conflict intervention

Across the boarder of Ethiopia and Kenya



A YOUNG WARRIOR WITH CHEST SCARIFIES





Causes of conflict:

Resources competition

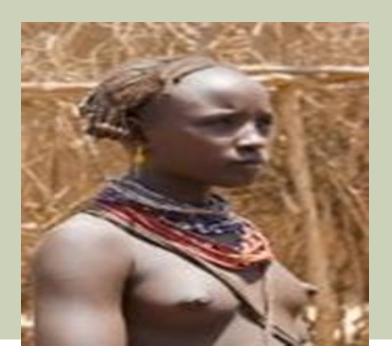
- Pasture and water points
- Raiding and stealing of livestock

Culture & traditions:

- Killing of bravery
- Hero cult
- Marriage

Actors of conflict:

- Youths
- Elders
- Women







Approaches of intervention:

- Peace dialogues
- Networking
- Exchange visit
- Awareness creation through

dramas, peace song and debates...



Peace Dialogue between tribes



Exchange visit tour to Surma South west Ethiopia:

Students performing drama



MECHANISMS OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION

Lokiriam peace accord Monument

Traditional Mechanisms:

Burial of weapons (spears, guns, knifes, shields swords ...etc)

Example; Lokirima, Moruanayeche, and Kangaten peace accords

Traditional Peace Dialogue without involvement of urban people



Modern instruments

- Trainings on basic mediation skills
- Exchange visit and experience sharing
- Conflict analysis and base line surveys
- Signatory written peace agreements

Traditional instruments

- Mingles of Arbitration and mediation
- Intimacy search visit which will take more than 3 months
- Oral and ancestors history based analysis
- Traditional agreement based on burial of weapons

TRADITIONAL PEACE MAKING PROCESS







